LAKE COUNTY/CITY AREA PLANNING COUNCIL, CALIFORNIA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
TOGETHER WITH
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED
JUNE 30, 2019

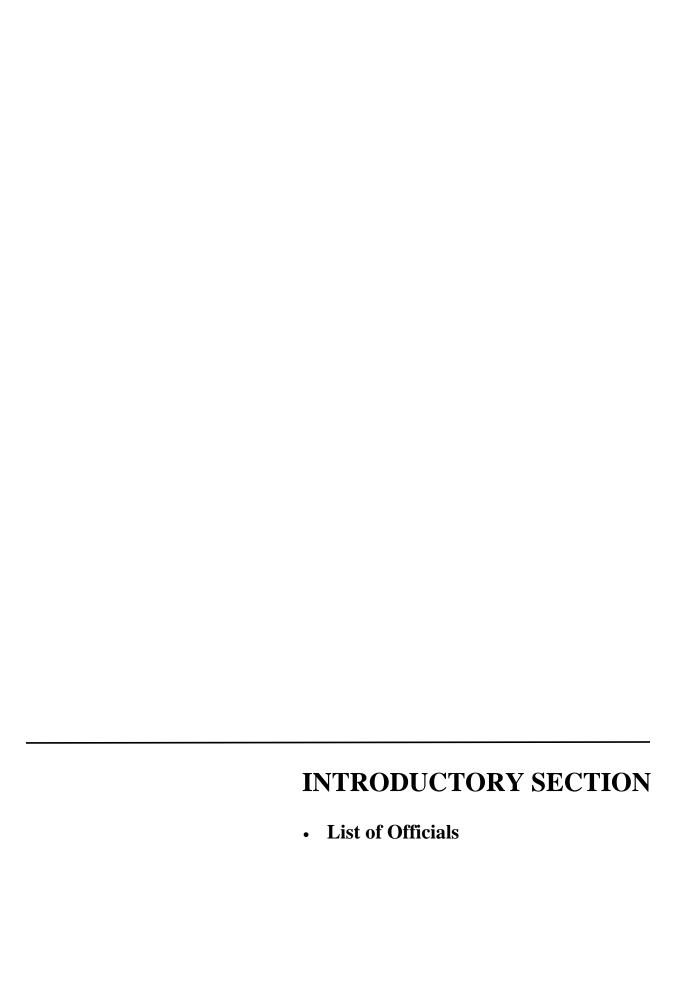


Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

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LAKE COUNTY/CITY AREA PLANNING COUNCIL List of Officials For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Board of Directors

Bruno Sabatier Supervisor, County of Lake

Moke Simon Supervisor, County of Lake

Stacey Mattina City Council Member, City of Lakeport

Kenneth Parlet City Council Member, City of Lakeport

Russell Perdock City Council Member, City of Lakeport

Russ Cremer City Council Member, City of Lakeport

Chuck Leonard Member at Large



FINANCIAL SECTION

- Independent Auditor's Report
- Basic Financial Statements
- Required Supplementary Information
- Combining Nonmajor Fund Financial Statements
- Schedules of Allocations and Expenditures



SMITH & NEWELL

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Lake County/City Area Planning Council Lakeport, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lake County/City Area Planning Council, Lakeport, California (Council), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Council's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

To the Board of Directors Lake County/City Area Planning Council Lakeport, California

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Council as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As more fully described in Note 7A to the financial statements, subsequent to June 30, 2019 citizens and the economies of the United States and other countries have been significantly impacted by the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic. While it is premature to accurately predict how the coronavirus will ultimately affect the Council's operations because the diseases severity and duration are uncertain, we expect the 2020 financial results too will be significantly impacted and the implications beyond 2020, while unclear, could also be adversely impacted. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter and no pandemic implications are accounted for in these financial statements.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Council's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining nonmajor fund financial statements, and Schedules of Allocations and Expenditures are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

To the Board of Directors Lake County/City Area Planning Council Lakeport, California

The combining nonmajor fund financial statements and Schedules of Allocations and Expenditures are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements and Schedules of Allocations and Expenditures are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

Smith ~ June

The financial statements include summarized prior year comparative information. Such information does not include all of the information required to constitute a presentation in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the Council's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018, from which such partial information was derived.

We have previously audited the Council's June 30, 2018 financial statements and our report, dated April 30, 2019, expressed an unmodified opinion on the financial statements. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

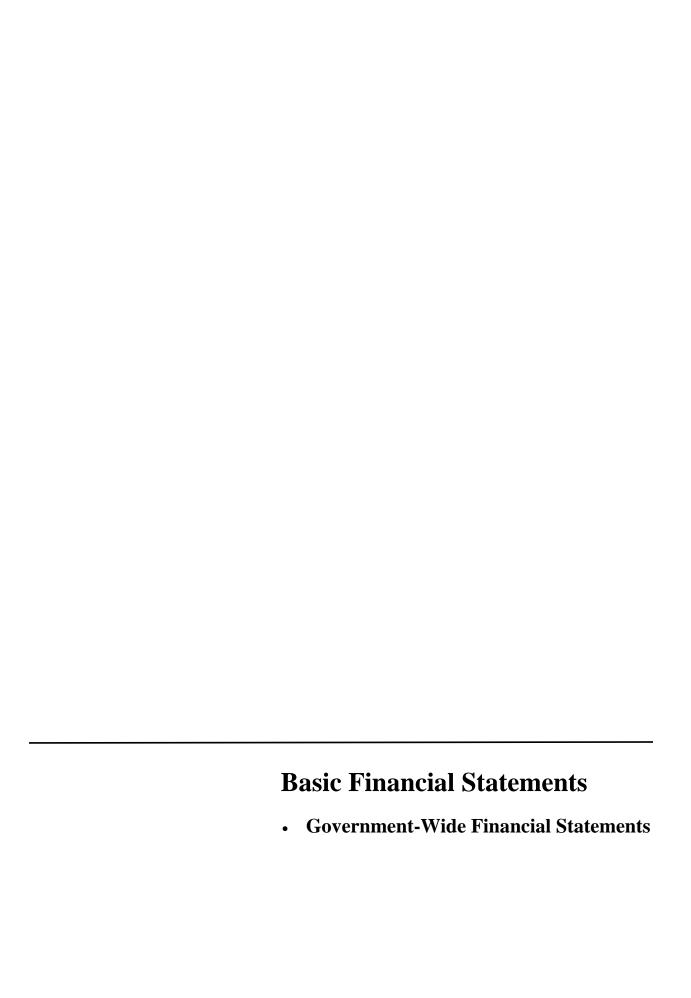
Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated May 27, 2020 on our consideration of the Council's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Council's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Smith & Newell CPAs Yuba City, California

May 27, 2020





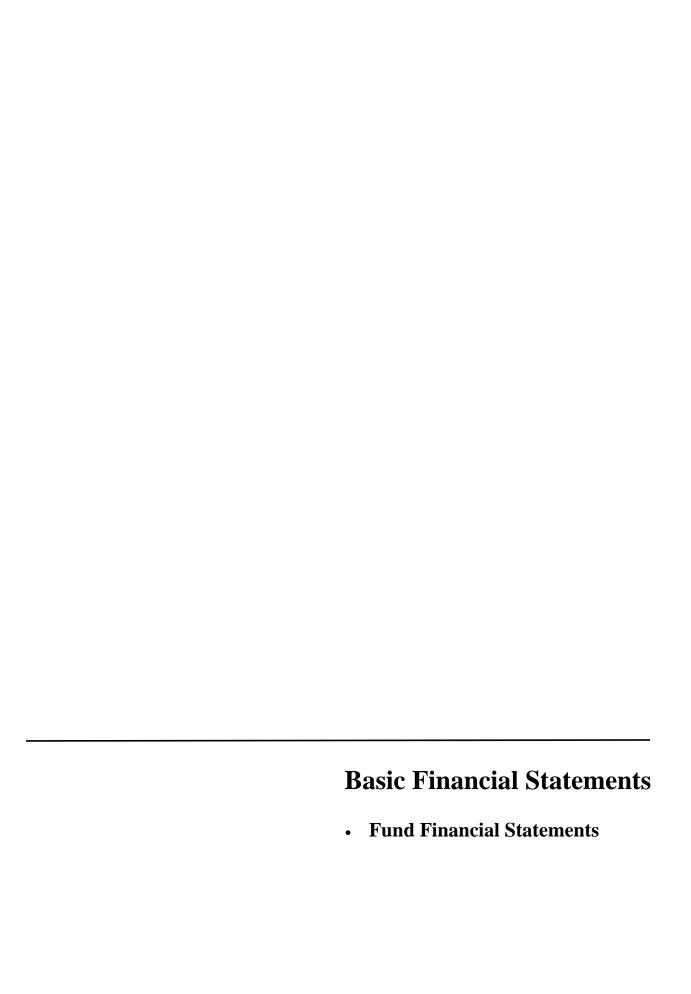


LAKE COUNTY/CITY AREA PLANNING COUNCIL Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

	Total Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 2,045,478
Receivables:	
Intergovernmental	538,283
Sales tax	276,572
Advance to Lake Transit Authority	300,000
Total Assets	3,160,333
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	259,981
Total Liabilities	259,981
NET POSITION	
Restricted for:	
Unallocated apportionments	64,532
Transportation	2,835,820
Total Net Position	\$ 2,900,352

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Functions/Programs:	Expenses	•	l ges for vices	Program Revent Operating Grants and Contributions	ues Capital Grants and Contributions	Re Cl Ne Gov	(Expense) venue and hanges in tt Position Total vernmental activities	
Governmental activities: Transportation	\$ 4,125,843	\$		\$ 4,077,445	\$ -	\$	(48,398)	
Total Governmental Activities	4,125,843			4,077,445			(48,398)	
Total	\$ 4,125,843	\$		\$ 4,077,445	\$ -		(48,398)	
General revenues: Interest and investment earnings								
	Total (General	Revenu	ies		-	49,810	
Change in Net Position								
	Net Position -	Beginni	ing				2,898,940	
	Net Position -	Ending				\$	2,900,352	







Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

(With summarized comparative totals for June 30, 2018)

	Sta Local Tran Transportation Assist:						Administration	
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	370,612	\$	61	\$	15,258	\$	31,854
Receivables:								
Intergovernmental		-		153,710		355,148		-
Sales tax		276,572		-		-		-
Advance to Lake Transit Authority		300,000				-		
Total Assets	\$	947,184	\$	153,771	\$	370,406	\$	31,854
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$		\$	258,425	\$	100
Total Liabilities						258,425		100
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted		947,184		153,771		111,981		31,754
Total Fund Balances		947,184		153,771		111,981		31,754
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	947,184	\$	153,771	\$	370,406	\$	31,854

Trai	Regional Surface nsportation	A for	Service authority Freeway	Gov	Other vernmental					
P	Program	En	nergencies		Funds		2019		2018	
\$	279,583	\$	945,932	\$	402,178	\$	2,045,478	\$	2,091,732	
	_		14,233		15,192		538,283		347,600	
	_		´ -		, <u> </u>		276,572		258,959	
							300,000		300,000	
\$	279,583	\$	960,165	\$	417,370	\$	3,160,333	\$	2,998,291	
\$		\$	1,456	\$		\$	259,981	\$	99,351	
			1,456				259,981		99,351	
	279,583		958,709		417,370		2,900,352		2,898,940	
	279,583		958,709		417,370		2,900,352		2,898,940	
\$	279,583	\$	960,165	\$	417,370	\$	3,160,333	\$	2,998,291	

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position - Governmental Activities June 30, 2019

Total Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 2,900,352
No adjustments were needed to reconcile the governmental funds balance sheet to the government-wide statement of net position.	
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 2,900,352



Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

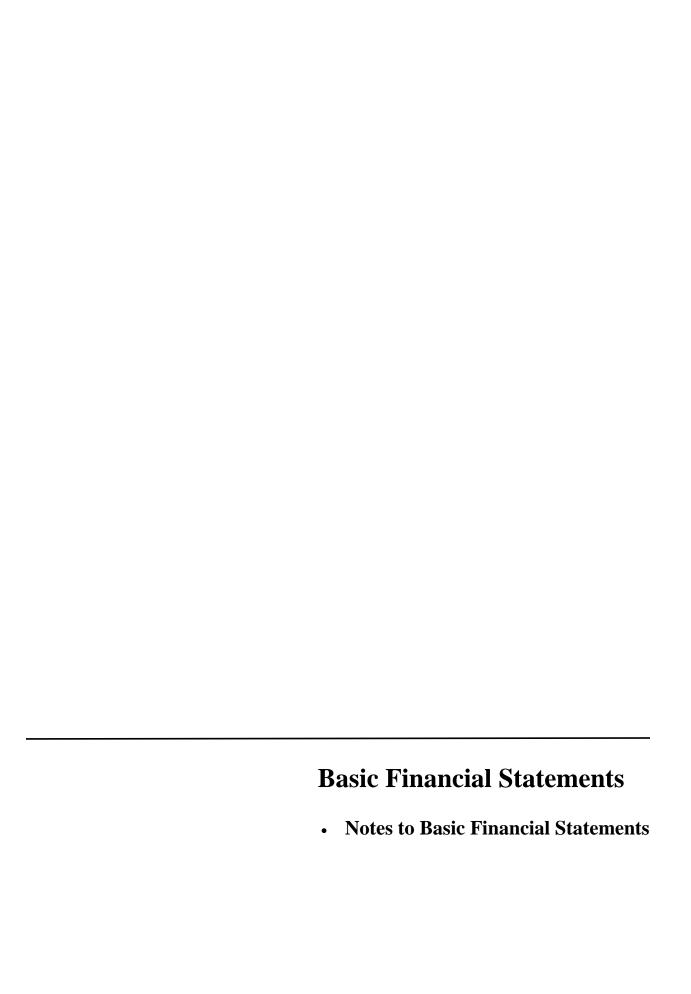
(With summarized comparative totals for June 30, 2018)

	Local Transportation		State Transit Assistance		Work Program		Administration	
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental revenues:								
Local Transportation fund	\$	1,607,461	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
State Transit Assistance fund		-		578,211		-		-
Local Transportation fund allocation		-		-		54,122		323,061
Rural Planning Assistance		-		-		273,685		-
FTA Section 5304		-		-		174,553		-
Planning, Programming, and Monitoring		-		-		35,000		-
State Highway Account		-		-		102,197		-
Regional Surface Transportation Program		-		-		-		-
State of Good Repair		-		-		-		-
Vehicle registration fees		-		-		-		-
Use of money		11,302		602				
Total Revenues		1,618,763		578,813		639,557		323,061
EXPENDITURES								
Current transportation:								
Planning and administration		434.854		_		729,784		329,423
Regional transit services		1,051,066		603,363		-		-
RSTP pass-through		-		-		_		_
Pedestrian and bicycle allocation		23,068						
Total Expenditures		1,508,988		603,363		729,784		329,423
Net Change in Fund Balances		109,775		(24,550)		(90,227)		(6,362)
Fund Balances - Beginning		837,409		178,321		202,208		38,116
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	947,184	\$	153,771	\$	111,981	\$	31,754

	legional Surface	A	Service uthority	Other			
	ransportation		Freeway	ernmental		tals	
P	rogram	Em	ergencies	 Funds	 2019		2018
\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 1,607,461	\$	1,604,378
	-		-	_	578,211		435,547
	-		-	80,739	457,922		449,418
	-		-	-	273,685		295,516
	-		-	_	174,553		27,124
	-		-	-	35,000		76,000
	-		-	-	102,197		-
	615,369		-	-	615,369		563,490
	-		-	152,080	152,080		91,869
	-		80,967	_	80,967		79,768
	14,615		18,668	 4,623	 49,810		23,645
	629,984		99,635	 237,442	 4,127,255		3,646,755
			29,569	132,349 63,448	1,655,979 1,717,877		1,326,232 1,299,670
	728,919		-	=	728,919		502,834
				 	 23,068		22,547
	728,919		29,569	195,797	 4,125,843		3,151,283
	(98,935)		70,066	41,645	1,412		495,472
	378,518		888,643	 375,725	 2,898,940		2,403,468
\$	279,583	\$	958,709	\$ 417,370	\$ 2,900,352	\$	2,898,940

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities - Governmental Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 1,412
No adjustments were needed to reconcile the net change in fund balance to the change in net position.	
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 1,412





Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The Lake County/City Area Planning Council, the regional transportation planning agency for the County of Lake, was established in 1972 pursuant to the Transportation Development Act. The Council is responsible for transportation planning activities as well as administration of the Local Transportation funds, State Transit Assistance fund, Transportation Planning fund, and the Bicycle/Pedestrian funds received from the State.

The Council receives monies and allocates these monies for the planning, management, and operation of public transportation systems within the County of Lake. The Council also has the authority to allocate monies for other transportation related activities including street and road projects.

Generally accepted accounting principles require government financial statements to include the primary government and its component units. Component units of a governmental entity are legally separate entities for which the primary government is considered to be financially accountable and for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the combined financial statements to be misleading. The primary government is considered to be financially accountable if it appoints a majority of an organization's governing body and is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government.

Component Units

Based on the application of the criteria set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, management has determined that there are no component units of the Council.

Related Organizations

The County of Lake performs various services for the Council including risk management through the County's risk management program. However, the County is not financially accountable for this organization and therefore the Council is not a component unit under Statement Nos. 14, 39 and 61 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information on all the activities of the Council. These statements include only the financial activities of the Council. Eliminations have been made to minimize double counting of internal activities. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. These statements report the governmental activities of the Council, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The Council had no business-type activities at June 30, 2019.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Council's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include 1) charges paid by the recipients of goods and services offered by the program, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are presented instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the Council are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures. The funds of the Council are organized into the governmental category. The emphasis is placed on major funds. Each is displayed in a separate column.

The Council reports the following major governmental funds:

- The Local Transportation fund is a special revenue fund used to account for local transportation activities. Funding comes from transportation fund allocations.
- The State Transit Assistance fund is a special revenue fund used to account for receipt and expenditure of State Transit Assistance funds. Funding comes primarily from state transit assistance fund allocations.
- The Work Program fund is a special revenue fund used to account for monies expended in relation to the overall work program. Funding comes primarily from rural planning assistance, PPM, and other grants.
- The Administration fund is a special revenue fund used to account for monies expended in relation to local transportation fund administration. Funding comes primarily from local transportation fund allocations.
- The Regional Surface Transportation Program fund is a special revenue fund used to account for activity related to RSTP projects. Funding comes primarily from state grants.
- The Service Authority for Freeway Emergencies fund is a special revenue fund used to account for activity related to SAFE funding. Funding comes primarily from vehicle registration fees.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the Council gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include sales tax, grants, entitlements, and donations. Under the accrual basis, revenues from sales tax are recognized when the underlying transactions take place. Revenues from grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Sales taxes, interest, and certain state and federal grants are considered susceptible to accrual and are accrued when their receipt occurs within sixty days after the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Proceeds of governmental long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

D. Non-Current Governmental Assets/Liabilities

Non-current governmental assets and liabilities, such as capital assets and long-term liabilities, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide statement of net position.

E. Cash and Investments

The Council pools all cash and investments with the County of Lake. The Lake County Treasury is an external investment pool for the Council and the Council is considered an involuntary participant. The Council's share in this pool is displayed in the accompanying financial statements as cash and investments.

Participant's equity in the investment pool is determined by the dollar amount of participants deposits, adjusted for withdrawals and distributed investment income. Investment income is determined on an amortized cost basis. Interest payments, accrued interest, accreted discounts, amortized premiums and realized capital gains and losses, net of administrative fees, are apportioned to pool participants every quarter. This method differs from the fair value method used to value investments in these financial statements as unrealized gains and losses are not apportioned to pool participants.

F. Receivables

Receivables consist mainly of intergovernmental and sales tax revenues. Management believes its receivables are fully collectible and, accordingly, no allowance for doubtful accounts is required.

G. Inventory

Inventories are recorded as expenditures at the time inventory is purchased rather than when consumed. Records are not maintained of inventory and supplies on hand, although these amounts are not considered material.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. Advance to Lake Transit Authority

On May 17, 2018, the Council made an interest-free advance of 2019-20 Local Transportation Funds to Lake Transit Authority in the amount of \$300,000 to cover delays in reimbursable grant funding.

I. Capital Assets

Capital assets would be valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost was not available. Contributed capital assets would be recorded at their acquisition value on the date donated. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements would be capitalized as projects are constructed.

Capital assets used in operations would be depreciated or amortized using the straight-line method over its estimated useful life in the government-wide financial statements.

At June 30, 2019, the Council did not have any capital assets.

J. Compensated Absences and Other Postemployment Benefits

The Council does not currently have any employees. Therefore, there is no liability for compensated absences or other postemployment benefits.

K. Management Contract

The Council pays an administration fee to Davey-Bates Consulting for all administration and management of the Council. The total amount paid for administration and management for the year ended June 30, 2019 was \$295,728 and was included in expenditures in the Administration fund.

L. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. At June 30, 2019, the Council did not have any deferred outflows of resources.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. At June 30, 2019, the Council did not have any deferred inflows of resources.

M. Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

N. Implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements

The following Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements have been implemented, if applicable, in the current financial statements.

Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations (AROs). This statement enhances the comparability of financial statements among governments by establishing uniform criteria for governments to recognize and measure certain AROs including obligations that may not have been previously reported. This statement also enhances the decision-usefulness of the information provided to financial statement users by requiring disclosures related to those AROs.

Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowing and Direct Placements. This statement improves financial reporting by providing users of financial statements with essential information that currently is not consistently provided. In addition, information about resources to liquidate debt and the risk associated with changes in terms associated with debt will be disclosed. As a result, users will have better information to understand the effects of debt on a government's future resource flows.

O. Future Accounting Pronouncements

The following GASB Statements will be implemented in future financial statements:

Statement No. 84 "Fiduciary Activities"	The requirements of this statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2018. (FY 19/20)
Statement No. 87 "Leases"	The requirements of this statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019. (FY 20/21)
Statement No. 90 "Majority Equity Interests"	The requirements of this statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2018. (FY 19/20)
Statement No. 91 "Conduit Debt Obligations"	The requirements of this statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2020. (FY 21/22)

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

A. Financial Statement Presentation

As of June 30, 2019, the Council's cash and investments consisted of the following:

Investments:

Lake County Treasurer's pool \$\, 2,045,478\$

Total Cash and Investments \$\, 2,045,478\$

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

B. Investments

The Council does not have a formal investment policy. At June 30, 2019, all investments of the Council were in the County of Lake investment pool. Under the provisions of the County's investment policy and the California Government Code, the County may invest or deposit in the following:

Banker's Acceptances
Commercial Paper
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)
Mutual Funds
Medium Term Corporate Notes
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit
Repurchase Agreements
Securities of the Federal Government or its Agencies
State of California Obligations
Local Agency Bonds
Treasury Obligations
Obligations of California Local Agencies

Fair Value of Investments - The Council measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by generally accepted accounting principles. These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices for identical investments in active markets; Level 2: Observable inputs other than quoted market prices; and,

Level 3: Unobservable inputs

The Council's position in external investment pools is in itself regarded as a type of investment and looking through to the underlying investments of the pool is not appropriate. Therefore, the Council's investment in external investment pools is not recognized in the three-tiered fair value hierarchy described above.

At June 30, 2019, the Council had the following recurring fair value measurements.

			Fair Value Measurements Using					
Investment Type	Fair Value		Level 1	Level 2		Level 3	<u> </u>	
Investments by Fair Value Level								
None	\$		\$ -	\$		\$	_	
Total Investments Measured at Fair Value		-	\$ -	\$	<u> </u>	\$	=	
Investments in External Investment Pool								
Lake County Treasurer's Pool	2,045,47	<u> 18</u>						
Total Investments	\$ 2,045,47	78						

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

B. Investments (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk is the risk of loss due to the fair value of an investment falling due to interest rates rising. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. To limit exposure to fair value losses from increases in interest rates, the County limits investment maturities to a term appropriate to the need for funds so as to permit the County to meet all projected obligations.

Credit Risk - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The County's investment policy sets specific parameters by type of investment to be met at the time of purchase. As of June 30, 2019, the Council's investments were all held with the County of Lake investment pool which is not rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Council will not be able to recover its deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect investments in securities through the use of mutual funds or government investment pools.

Concentration of Credit Risk - Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Council's investment in a single issuer of securities. When investments are concentrated in one issuer, this concentration presents a heightened risk of potential loss. State law and the investment policy of the County contain limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer. All investments of the Council were in the Lake County investment pool which contains a diversification of investments.

C. Investment in External Pool

Lake County Pooled Investment Fund - The Lake County Pooled Investment Fund is a pooled investment fund program governed by the County which monitors and reviews the management of public funds maintained in the investment pool in accordance with the County investment policy and the California Government Code. The Board of Supervisors review and approve the investment policy annually. The County Treasurer prepares and submits a comprehensive investment report to the Board of Supervisors every month. The report covers the type of investments in the pool, maturity dates, par value, actual cost and fair value. Investments in the Lake County Pooled Investment fund are regarded as highly liquid as deposits and withdrawals can be made at any time without penalty. The Pool does not impose a maximum investment limit. Required disclosure information regarding categorization of investments and other deposit and investment risk disclosures can be found in the County's financial statements. The County of Lake's financial statements may be obtained by contacting the County of Lake Auditor-Controller's office at 255 North Forbes Street, Lakeport, CA 95453.

NOTE 3: NET POSITION

The government-wide financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.

Net investment in capital assets - consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net
of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages,
notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of
those assets.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 3: NET POSITION (CONTINUED)

- Restricted net position consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. These principally include restrictions for capital projects, debt service requirements and other special revenue fund purposes.
- Unrestricted net position all other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

Net Position Flow Assumption

When a government funds outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. When both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, it is considered that restricted resources are used first, followed by the unrestricted resources.

NOTE 4: FUND BALANCES

As prescribed by GASB Statement No. 54, governmental funds report fund balance in classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Council is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent. As of June 30, 2019, fund balance for the governmental funds is made up of the following:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example: inventories and prepaid amounts.
- **Restricted fund balance** amounts with constraints placed on their use that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes determined by formal action of the Council's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board of Directors is the highest level of decision making authority for the Council that can, by Board action, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed remains in place until a similar action is taken to remove or revise the limitation. The underlying action that imposed the limitation needs to occur no later than the close of the reporting period.
- Assigned fund balance amounts that are constrained by the Council's intent to be used for specific purposes. The intent can be established at either the highest level of decision-making, or by a body or an official designated for that purpose.
- **Unassigned fund balance** the negative residual amount when expenditures incurred exceed the amounts that are restricted, committed, or assigned.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 4: FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

The fund balances for all major and nonmajor governmental funds as of June 30, 2019, were distributed as follows:

	Trai	Local nsportation	Tr	tate ansit stance	Work	Adm	inistration	Tra	Regional Surface nsportation Program	Au F	Service athority of Preeway pergencies	Gov	Other rernmental Funds	Total
Restricted for:					 -8				8		8			
Unallocated														
Apportionments	\$	38,239	\$ 2	26,293	\$ -	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$ 64,532
Transportation		908,945	12	27,478	 111,981		31,754		279,583		958,709		417,370	 2,835,820
Total	\$	947,184	\$ 15	53,771	\$ 111,981	\$	31,754	\$	279,583	\$	958,709	\$	417,370	\$ 2,900,352

Fund Balance Flow Assumption

When a government funds outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance), a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. When both restricted and unrestricted fund balance are available, it is considered that restricted fund balance is depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Fund Balance Policy

The Board of Directors has adopted a formal fund balance or minimum fund balance policy by passage of an ordinance.

NOTE 5: RISK MANAGEMENT

The Council is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Council is covered under the County of Lake's risk management programs.

NOTE 6: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The County of Lake provides accounting and risk management services for the Council. Related party expenditures incurred for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 were \$6,000.

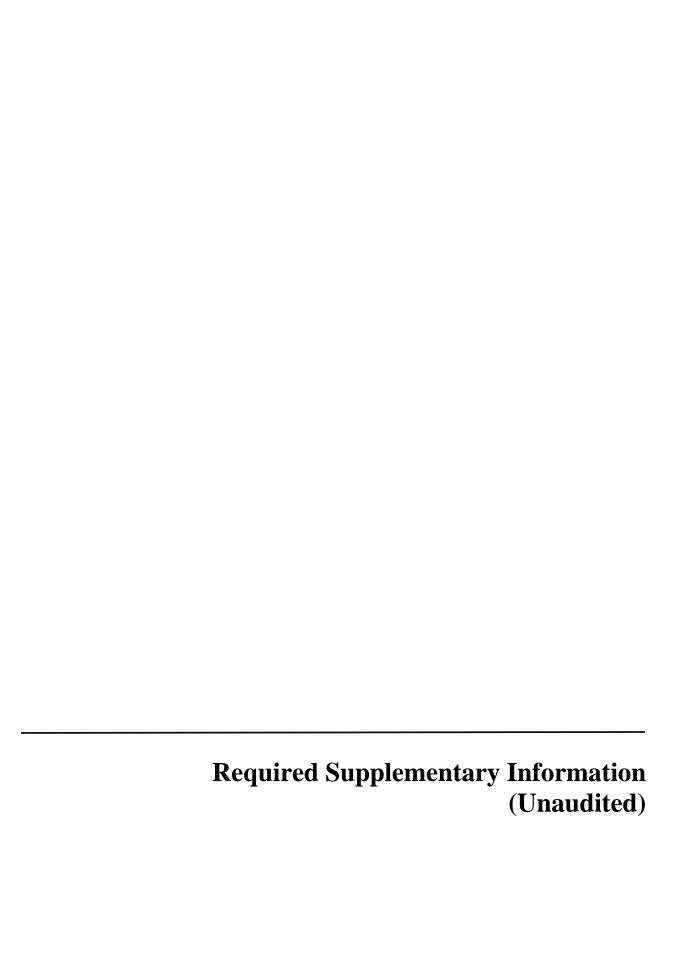
Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 7: OTHER INFORMATION

A. Subsequent Events

In December 2019, a novel strain of coronavirus has spread around the world resulting in business and social disruption. The coronavirus was declared a Public Health Emergency of International Concern by the World Health Organization on January 30, 2020. The operations and business results of the Council could potentially be adversely affected by this global pandemic. The extent to which the coronavirus may impact business activity or investment results will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted, including new information which may emerge concerning the severity of the coronavirus and the actions required to contain the coronavirus. The Council has not included any contingencies in the financial statements specific to this issue.

Management has evaluated events subsequent to June 30, 2019 through May 27, 2020, the date on which the financial statements were available for issuance. Management has determined no subsequent events requiring disclosure have occurred.





Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Local Transportation - Major Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Local Transportation fund	\$ 1,986,653	\$ 2,197,189	\$ 1,607,461	\$ (589,728)
Use of money			11,302	11,302
Total Revenues	1,986,653	2,197,189	1,618,763	(578,426)
EXPENDITURES				
Current transportation:				
Planning and administration	854,848	1,124,612	434,854	689,758
Regional transit services	1,051,066	1,032,099	1,051,066	(18,967)
Pedestrian and bicycle allocation	154,624	154,624	23,068	131,556
Total Expenditures	2,060,538	2,311,335	1,508,988	802,347
Net Change in Fund Balances	(73,885)	(114,146)	109,775	223,921
Fund Balances - Beginning	837,409	837,409	837,409	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 763,524	\$ 723,263	\$ 947,184	\$ 223,921

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule State Transit Assistance - Major Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original Final Budget Budget			A	Actual amounts udgetary Basis)	Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive (egative)	
REVENUES State Transit Assistance fund	\$	482,518	\$	616,167	\$	578,211	\$	(37,956)
Use of money						602		602
Total Revenues		482,518		616,167		578,813		(37,354)
EXPENDITURES Current transportation:								
Regional transit services		482,518		616,167		603,363		12,804
Total Expenditures		482,518		616,167		603,363		12,804
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-		(24,550)		(24,550)
Fund Balances - Beginning		178,321		178,321		178,321		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	178,321	\$	178,321	\$	153,771	\$	(24,550)

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Work Program - Major Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental revenues:				
Local Transportation fund allocation	\$ -	\$ 40,261	\$ 54,122	\$ 13,861
Rural Planning Assistance	294,000	330,921	273,685	(57,236)
FTA Section 5304	177,060	250,064	174,553	(75,511)
FTA Section 5311	356,848	356,848		(356,848)
Planning, Programming, and Monitoring	104,077	107,364	35,000	(72,364)
State Highway Account		295,863	102,197	(193,666)
Total Revenues	931,985	1,381,321	639,557	(741,764)
EXPENDITURES				
Current transportation:				
Overall Work Program:				
600 - Regional planning and intergovernmental				
coordination	139,071	139,071	116,212	22,859
601 - TDA activities and coordination	42,034	42,034	27,974	14,060
602 - Transit planning and performance monitoring	12,552	12,552	12,476	76
605 - Federal and state grant preparation, monitoring				
program	40,060	40,060	30,995	9,065
606 - Speed zone studies	14,360	14,360	14,360	-
607 - Special studies	41,953	41,953	35,927	6,026
608 - Planning, programming & monitoring	30,500	30,500	21,337	9,163
609 - Eleventh Street corridor study	166,800	166,800	53,535	113,265
610 - Active transportation	15,500	15,500	13,229	2,271
611 - Pavement management program inventory				
update	32,641	32,641	32,641	-
612 - Countywide technology support services	1,930	1,930	1,930	-
613 - Transportation information outreach	2,500	2,500	2,500	-
614 - Countywide sign inventory project	133,727	133,727	101,697	32,030
615 - Hwy 20 Northshore traffic calming plan and EFS	167,400	167,400	61,903	105,497
616 - Training	5,103	5,103	4,062	1,041
618 - LTA bus passenger facilities plan	123,844	123,844	91,540	32,304
619 - Lake County pedestrian facility needs				
inventory and EFS	158,620	158,620	104,234	54,386
Reserve LTF	20,000	20,000	3,232	16,768
Total Expenditures	1,148,595	1,148,595	729,784	418,811
Net Change in Fund Balances	(216,610)	232,726	(90,227)	(322,953)
Fund Balances - Beginning	202,208	202,208	202,208	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ (14,402)	\$ 434,934	\$ 111,981	\$ (322,953)

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Administration - Major Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original Budget			Final Budget		Actual mounts udgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES Local Transportation fund allocation	\$	442,338	\$	618,711	\$	323,061	\$	(295,650)	
Total Revenues		442,338		618,711		323,061		(295,650)	
EXPENDITURES Current transportation: Planning and administration		442,338		618,711		329,423		289,288	
Total Expenditures		442,338		618,711		329,423		289,288	
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-		(6,362)		(6,362)	
Fund Balances - Beginning		38,116		38,116		38,116		<u> </u>	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	38,116	\$	38,116	\$	31,754	\$	(6,362)	

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Regional Surface Transportation Program - Major Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original Final Budget Budget			A	Actual amounts udgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES Other State grants	\$	615,369	\$	993,888	\$	615,369	\$	(378,519)
Use of money						14,615		14,615
Total Revenues		615,369		993,888		629,984		(363,904)
EXPENDITURES Current transportation:								
RSTP pass-through		1,230,738		1,609,257		728,919		880,338
Total Expenditures		1,230,738		1,609,257		728,919		880,338
Net Change in Fund Balances		(615,369)		(615,369)		(98,935)		516,434
Fund Balances - Beginning		378,518		378,518		378,518		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	(236,851)	\$	(236,851)	\$	279,583	\$	516,434

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Service Authority for Freeway Emergencies - Major Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original Budget	Final Budget	A (B)	Actual mounts udgetary Basis)	Fin:	ance with al Budget Positive egative)
REVENUES				0004=		0004
Vehicle registration fees	\$ -	\$ -	\$	80,967	\$	80,967
Use of money	 	 		18,668		18,668
Total Revenues	 	 		99,635		99,635
EXPENDITURES Current transportation:						
Planning and administration	41,824	41,824		29,569		12,255
	 <u> </u>	 <u> </u>				
Total Expenditures	 41,824	41,824		29,569		12,255
Net Change in Fund Balances	(41,824)	(41,824)		70,066		111,890
Fund Balances - Beginning	 888,643	 888,643		888,643		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 846,819	\$ 846,819	\$	958,709	\$	111,890

Required Supplementary Information Note to Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 1: BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

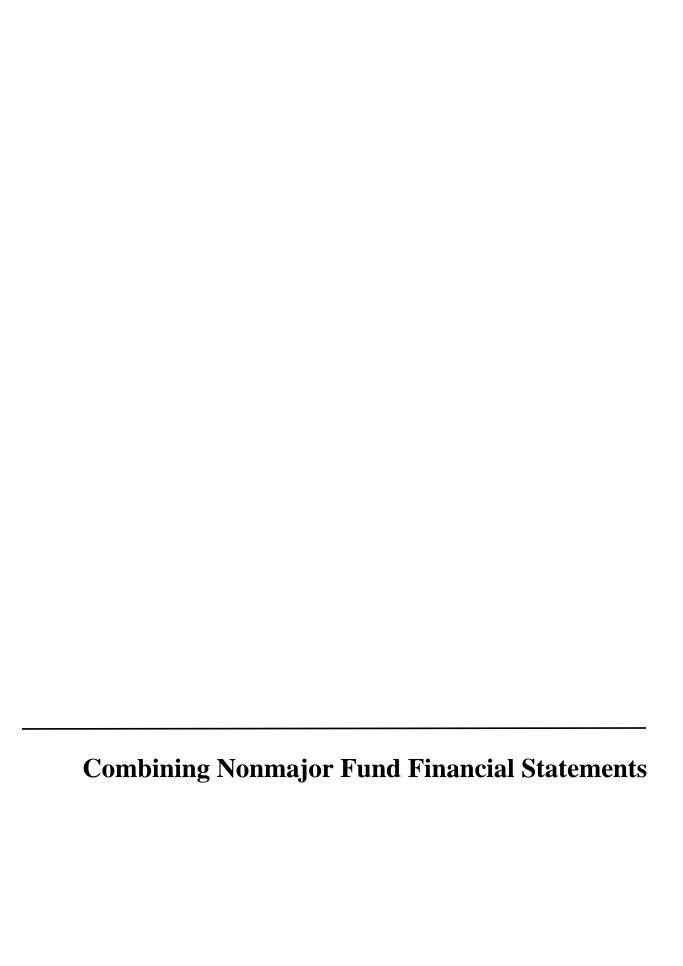
Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year. The Council presents a comparison of annual budget to actual results for all major special revenue funds. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

The Council follows these procedures annually in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- (1) The Executive Director submits to the Board of Directors a recommended draft budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes recommended expenditures and the means of financing them.
- (2) The Board of Directors reviews the recommended budget at regularly scheduled meetings, which are open to the public. The Board also conducts a public hearing on the recommended budget to obtain comments from interested persons.
- (3) Prior to July 1, the budget is adopted through the passage of a resolution.
- (4) The Board of Directors may amend the budget by motion during the fiscal year.

The Council does not use encumbrance accounting under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation.









Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2019

	Local Transportation 2% Reserve			lanning		nsportation nancement Act	Consolidated Transportation Services		
ASSETS	Φ.	154 606	Φ.		Φ.	7.012	Φ.	124 400	
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$	154,626	\$	1	\$	7,013	\$	134,490	
Intergovernmental						<u> </u>			
Total Assets	\$	154,626	\$	1	\$	7,013	\$	134,490	
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	\$		\$		\$		\$		
Total Liabilities									
FUND BALANCES									
Restricted		154,626		1		7,013		134,490	
Total Fund Balances		154,626		1_		7,013		134,490	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	154,626	\$	1	\$	7,013	\$	134,490	

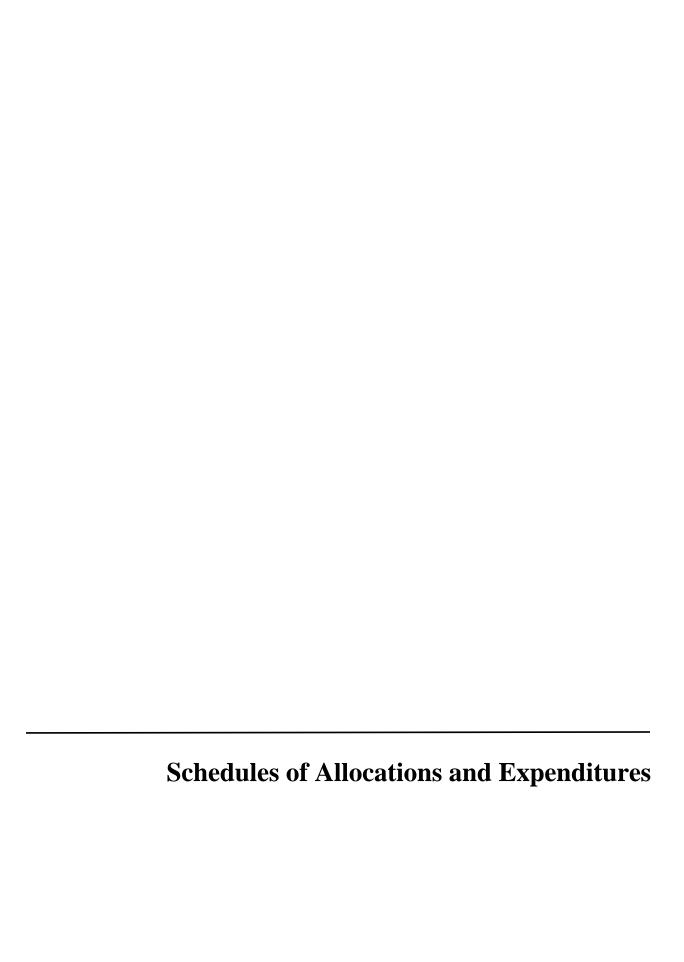
Good R		 Totals
\$ 10	6,048	\$ 402,178
1	5,192	 15,192
\$ 12	1,240	\$ 417,370
\$		\$ -
	-	 -
12	1,240	 417,370
12	1,240	 417,370
\$ 12	1,240	\$ 417,370

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Transportation Enhancement Act		Consolidated Transportation Services			
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental revenues:								
Local Transportation fund allocation	\$	23,068	\$	-	\$	-	\$	57,671
State of Good Repair		-		-		-		60,928
Use of money						144		2,812
Total Revenues		23,068				144		121,411
EXPENDITURES								
Current transportation:								122 240
Planning and administration Regional transit services		-		-		_		132,349
regional transit services			-					
Total Expenditures								132,349
Net Change in Fund Balances		23,068		-		144		(10,938)
Fund Balances - Beginning		131,558		1_		6,869		145,428
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	154,626	\$	1	\$	7,013	\$	134,490

State of			
Good Repair	 80,739 152,080 4,623 237,442 132,349 63,448 195,797 41,645 375,725		
	00 = 40		
\$ -	\$		
91,152			
1,667	 4,623		
92,819	 237,442		
	122 240		
- (2.449			
63,448	 65,448		
62 110	105 707		
63,448	 193,797		
29,371	41 645		
27,371	11,015		
91,869	375,725		
, =,00,	 0,0,,		
\$ 121,240	\$ 417,370		
·	 <u> </u>		







Schedule of Allocations and Expenditures Local Transportation Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Beginning Allocations as Adjusted		Allocated		Expended		Rescinded		All	Ending ocations Adjusted
Lake County/City Area Planning Council										
99400(c)	\$	14,173	\$	54,122	\$	(54,122)	\$	-	\$	14,173
99233.1		-		323,061		(323,061)		-		-
99233.3		6,930		23,068		(23,068)		-		6,930
99233.7				57,671		(57,671)				
Total Lake County/City Area Planning Council		21,103		457,922		(457,922)				21,103
Lake Transit Authority 99260(a) 99262		6,293 10,843		1,051,066		(1,051,066)		-		6,293 10,843
Total Lake Transit Authority		17,136	_	1,051,066		(1,051,066)		-		17,136
Totals	\$	38,239	\$	1,508,988	\$	(1,508,988)	\$	-	\$	38,239

Schedule of Allocations and Expenditures State Transit Assistance Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Al	eginning locations Adjusted	Allocated		Expended		Rescinded		Ending Allocations as Adjusted	
Lake County/City Area Planning Council 99313.3	\$	147,138	\$	482,518	\$	(603,363)	\$		\$	26,293
Total Lake County/City Area Planning Council	\$	147,138	\$	482,518	\$	(603,363)	\$		\$	26,293





SMITH & NEWELL

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS AND THE RULES AND REGULATIONS OF THE TRANSPORTATION DEVELOPMENT ACT

To the Board of Directors Lake County/City Area Planning Council Lakeport, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the applicable fiscal audit requirements of the Transportation Development Act including Public Utilities Code Section 99245 and the California Code of Regulations Title 21, Section 6662, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lake County/City Area Planning Council (Council), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Council's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 27, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Council's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

To the Board of Directors Lake County/City Area Planning Council Lakeport, California

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Council's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Additionally, we performed tests to determine that allocations made and expenditures paid by the Council were made in accordance with the allocation instructions and resolutions of the Council and in conformance with the California Transportation Development Act. Specifically, we performed each of the specific tasks identified in the California Code of Regulations Title 21, Section 6666 that are applicable to the Council and tests to determine that certain state funds were received and expended in accordance with applicable bond act and state accounting requirements. However, our objective was not to provide an opinion on overall compliance with such provisions. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Smith & Newell CPAs Yuba City, California

May 27, 2020